

Student and Teacher Roles

Part 1

- A. Read the rules 1-4 and look at the plan of the school. What part of the school is each rule for? Write the number.
 - 1. Play together.
 - 2. Always wash your hands.
 - **3.** Take care of the books.
 - 4. No running or pushing.



B. Write one more rule for each part of the school.

choolyard:	
ibrary:	
Iallway:	
athroom:	

C. Think and respond.

- Why do we have rules at school?
- Who makes the rules?
- Who are the rules for?
- Do you think teachers have rules too?



Primary

Part 2

A. Look at the lists of Student and Teacher Responsibilities. Work in pairs. Complete the responsibilities with your own ideas.

STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES Always _____ my best. the classroom rules. _____ all my homework. _____ to my teacher and classmates. Keep _____ clean. _____ school property. Ask for _____ when I need it. Participate in ______.

TEACHER R	ESPONSIBILITIES
Help students to	
Prepare	lessons.
Always be students.	to
Treat fairly.	students
Be a	example.
	have favorites.
	to students.
Give	a turn.

B. Share your ideas with another pair. Were they the same or different? Do you want to add them to your list?



Part 3

A. Read about school responsibilities in different countries. Write five sentences with interesting facts from the texts.



A. In Japan, many children help with the chores at home. Cleaning classrooms, serving lunch to classmates, and cleaning the bathrooms is part of their school education, too. School children clean the hallways, doors, and windows of their school. Teachers give different responsibilities to students every week to make sure it is fair. Younger students do tasks with older students who are role models for them. Japanese children learn that it is important to respect and take care of school property and keep it clean. They also learn that all kinds of work are important. They learn about teamwork and help each other.



B. In France, learning about food is part of students' education. Teachers have to learn about food and nutrition. Students can't bring food from home for lunch, and there are no snacks. Students eat in the school restaurant and they help to set and clear the tables. All children eat the same food at the same time in the same place. They have 30 minutes for lunch to enjoy the food and talk together. Every day, the chefs cook with different kinds of fresh, healthy food. Students don't have to eat every food on their plates, but they have to try them all. The idea is to stop being afraid to try new foods. As well as learning about healthy eating habits, students learn about good manners and how to share.

bathroom hallway	
student	
toilet corridor pupil	
1 1	

В.	Work in _I	pairs.	Share t	he s	enter	nces	you	wrote	in A	۱. Th	en	think	and	res	pone	d.
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- What responsibilities do the students have?
- What do they learn from these responsibilities?
- Do you think it's a good idea to give students these responsibilities?





Primary

Extension

 Work in groups. Think about Complete. 	t what it means to be a good classmate and a good to
A good classmate	A good teacher
is	is
doesn't	doesn't
says	says
B. Write complete paragraphs the ideas from A.	about being a good classmate and a good teacher. I
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