



Read the sentences about Cambodia. Are they true or false?

1.	Cambodia is in north-east Asia	True	False
2.	It's next to India	True	False
3.	It's a very poor country	True	False

In Cambodia, thousands of poor children don't go to school. Why not? Suggest two more reasons. Can you find someone who agrees with you?

1. Some children have to help their parents at home

There isn't a school near their horr	2.	There	isn't a	school	near	their	home
--	----	-------	---------	--------	------	-------	------

3.	
Δ	

2 WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

Match the words from the article with the definitions. The paragraph number will also help you find the correct word.

PARAGRAPHS 1-4

1. d	listant from you			
	liotant nonn you			
	collect money for a particular	purpose		
	nelp	purpose		
	Iness			
		list of people who go to a schoo		
6. u	used for saying that somethin	g happens separately to each	of	
tł	he people (in the order that t	hey were mentioned)		
7. n	nake someone agree to do s	omething		
8. c	continue to do something			





PARAGRAPHS 5–7

	ribbon-cutting ceremony resemble	roam grab	well behaved equipped with	handed out oxen
9.	a small piece of coloured cloth is cut to	celebrate s	omething	
10.	to be similar to something or someone			
11.	move with no particular purpose			
12.	large types of cows used on farms			
13.	provided with the things they need			
14.	does things in a polite way			
15.	gave things to different people in a gro	up		
16.	take hold of something in a rude way			

PARAGRAPHS 8-10

	stays in touch with fund-raising	oversees pay off	upkeep monsoons	generator brutal
17.	collecting money for a good purp	oose		
18.	a machine that produces electric	sity		
19.	watches something in order to c			
20.	the cost of keeping something in			
21. periods of heavy rain in South-East Asia				
22. continues to speak, see or write to				
23.	extremely violent			
24.	bring some benefit			









_evel 3 Advanced

6

7

8

9

SCHOOL OF HOPE by Mary Beth Maslowski

What would you be doing if you weren't going to school? Illness forced 18-year-old Rachel Rosenfeld to stay home from school for almost a whole year. But that didn't stop her from helping to build a school – in faraway Cambodia, in south-eastern Asia!

Rachel, from Harrison in the state of New York, had a stomach disorder that was causing her a lot of pain. When possible, Rachel studied at home with a private tutor and did a lot of reading. One day, Rachel read an article about children in Cambodia who can't go to school. The article also reported that some parents in Cambodia are so poor they have to sell their daughters into prostitution. That's when Rachel decided to build a school.

Cambodia

- was called Kampuchea until 1989. The official name used by the government is Preah-reach-ana-chak Kampuchea, which means Kingdom of Kampuchea.
- has a picture of the famous Angkor Wat temple on its flag.
- names Khmer as its main language.
- has three main seasons: rainy (with monsoons), dry (and cold) and another dry (and hot).
- was ruled by a brutal, radical communist group, the Khmer Rouge, from 1975 until 1979. Under the Khmer Rouge dictator, Pol Pot, people were forced out of the cities to work on farms. Around 1.7 million Cambodians died or were killed
- during that time.

Rachel contacted an organization called American Assistance for Cambodia, where she found out what she could do to help. Rachel had to find a way to create something from nothing - on the other side of the world! "I needed to raise \$13,000 just for the buildings," she says. "In truth, I was pretty confused about how I would raise enough money to build and maintain an entire school."

Rachel started by sending out hundreds of mailings, hoping people could help. She let people buy signs with their names on them for things inside the school, like desks and chairs. She even made T-shirts and sold them for \$20 each.

Rachel also had to find time to do all the work. "I wasn't fully enrolled in school, due to my illness. But I was going to doctors and hospitals quite frequently and trying to keep up my studies." But eventually Rachel managed to raise about \$52,000 and persuaded the World Bank and

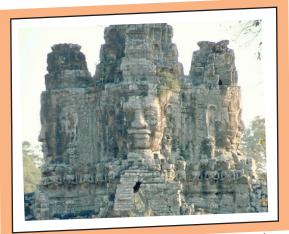
the Asian Development Bank to contribute \$10,000 and \$13,000 respectively.

When the school was ready, Rachel and her family flew to Cambodia for a ribbon-cutting ceremony at the new school. But getting to the school wasn't easy. The R.S. Rosenfeld School is in a small village in Cambodia's Siem Reap province. It's a poor area close to the famous Angkor Wat, a huge 12th century Buddhist temple built to resemble mountains. The only way to get there is via a number of dirt roads. The village has neither electricity nor running water. Chickens, cows and other animals roam free here. "We had to stop because two oxen were fighting in the middle of the road," says Rachel.

The school is equipped with five computers and Internet access for 300 primary-school pupils. Rachel says she was surprised by how well behaved the kids were. "My family and I handed out school supplies after the opening. Nobody grabbed a packet from our hands, but instead waited patiently until it was their turn."

Back home, Rachel's work is not finished. She stays in touch with the school and oversees the school's bank accounts. Every year, additional funds are required, for example for the computer teacher and the upkeep of the generator.

For anyone interested in fund-raising, Rachel has some advice: "Don't give up when times get hard," she says. "It's important to be passionate, creative and definitely stay organized. It'll all pay off. When I started this project, I thought it was something great for others. I never realized how much I would benefit from it myself."



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3 FIND THE INFORMATION

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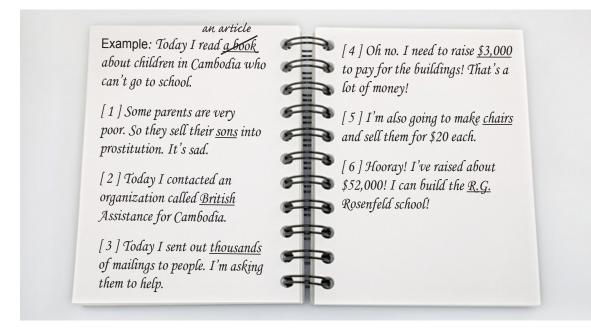
A. Rachel is ill. Complete this doctor's form for her.

Dr. J. Domsky New York	<u>CERTIFICATE OF HEALTH</u>	
First name: <u>Rachel</u>	Surname:	
Age:	Address:	, New York
Health problem: <u>Rachel</u>	! has a serious	disorder

B. What order did the events take place? Number them 1-6.

Rachel.		
	went to Cambodia	decided to build a school
	opened a school there	read an article about Cambodia
	got ill and couldn't go to school	raised some money

C. Read some sentences from Rachel's diary and correct the mistakes. Compare your answers with a classmate. Do you agree?





4 TEEN TALK

Read this sentence from paragraph 3: "In truth, I was **pretty** confused about how I would raise enough money...."

Pretty means quite.

Can you think of something you think is:

a. pretty interesting?

b. pretty boring?

5 WRITE A DIARY

Continue Rachel's diary. Find the missing information from the text.

<u>Tuesday</u>		<u>Wednesday</u>
Today I'm flying to Cambodia with	P	We're here at last! But the journey
(who)!	A	wasn't very easy because the roads
I'm so excited! I'm going to	-	are made of dirt and there are
see my school. It's called the		
·,		
(name of school) and it's got	P	(another reason).
300	A	The village hasn't got
(types of student).		01
It's in a small		
	T	(two types of facility). Tomorrow
		we are going to open the school. I'm
describe location).		so happy!
	- 1-0	so nappy!

6 WEBQUEST: CHOOSE THE WINNER OF A COMPETITION!

Every year 'World Challenge' holds a competition for the best aid project. Alone or in small groups, read examples from the following website and choose an interesting aid project: www.theworldchallenge.co.uk

Make a poster about it. Read your classmates' posters and have a class vote on the best projects. Which project should win the first prize? Second prize? Why?



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7 DESIGN YOUR OWN SCHOOL!

A. Imagine you are designing a primary school for children in a poor country. There is no electricity or running water. Some children are hungry and ill. How important for your school are the items in the list below? Discuss with a classmate.

The school needs	Costs	Very important	Quite important	Not important
Desks, chairs and furniture	\$5,000			
Notebooks and pens	\$1,000			
Five computers	\$5,000			
A generator	\$4,000			
A library with books	\$2,500			
A health clinic	\$4,500			
A football field	\$500			
A playground	\$500			
A well (for water)	\$2,000			
One free meal every day	\$18,000			
TOTAL	\$			

B. Discuss these questions.

- 1. Add up your costs. What's the total? How can you make some things cheaper?
- 2. What else should you buy for your school?
- 3. Most children in your school will eventually work in factories, on rice farms, in small businesses or as tour guides. What school subjects should you offer?
- 4. What kind of teachers do you want? What personal qualities should they have?
- 5. What's the name of your school?

C. How can you raise all the money to build your school? You need \$13,000 for the buildings and the additional money you listed above. Think of two more ideas.

We can....

- a. write to a big bank to ask for money
- b. email people to ask for money
- c. make things and sell them
- d. _____
- e. _____

Share your ideas with another group!







_evel 3 Advanced

KEY

1

- 1. false, false, true
- some parents don't think that education is important, so they don't send their children to school; some parents haven't got enough money to pay for them to go to school; some children work in factories or on farms; some are sold as prostitutes.

2

- 1. faraway
- 2. raise (money)
- 3. assistance
- 4. disorder
- 5. enrolled
- 6. respectively
- 7. persuade
- 8. keep up
- 9. ribbon-cutting ceremony
- 10. resemble
- 11. roam
- 12. oxen
- 13. equipped with
- 14. well behaved
- 15. handed out
- 16. grab
- 17. fund-raising
- 18. generator
- 19. oversees
- 20. upkeep
- 21. monsoons
- 22. stays in touch with
- 23. brutal
- 24. pay off

3

Α.

Surname: Rosenfeld Age: 18 Address: Harrison Health problem: stomach

В.

- 5. went to Cambodia
- 6. opened a school there
- 1. got ill and couldn't go to school
- 3. decided to build a school
- 2. read an article about Cambodia
- 4. raised some money

C.

- 1. daughters
- 2. American
- 3. hundreds
- 4. \$13,000
- 5. T-shirts
- 6. R.S.

4

- a. students' own answers
- b. students' own answers

5

(who) my family

(name of school) R.S. Rosenfeld School (types of student) primary-school pupils (describe location) village close to Angkor Wat (another reason) animals in the road

(two types of facility) electricity / running water

