

35a Tomorrow's World

Quiz

1

In the 21st century, humans will be living longer. Research has shown that the best way to delay the aging process is by

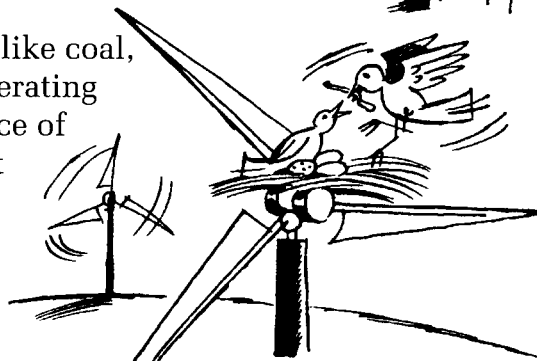
- a. having hormonal treatment.
- b. eating a careful and balanced diet.
- c. drinking a magic potion made from plants in the Amazon forest.



2

At some point in the next century, fossil fuels like coal, gas, and oil will have all been consumed. Generating electricity from the wind is a good, clean source of energy but the main argument against it is that

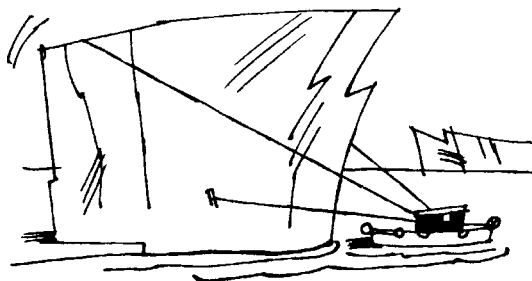
- a. wind generators are ugly and intrusive on the landscape.
- b. wind generators only work when it's windy.
- c. birds confuse wind generators with trees.



3

By the beginning of the 21st century, boats may be transporting enormous icebergs from the south Atlantic

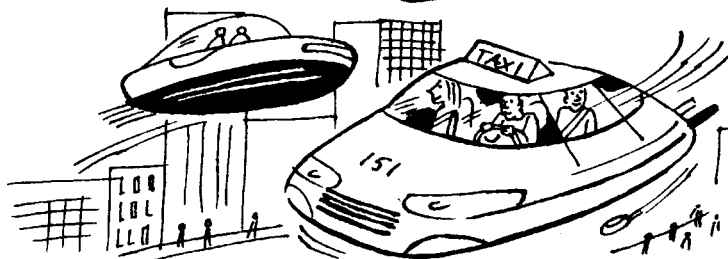
- a. to prevent flooding due to global warming.
- b. to replace the polluted water of other seas.
- c. to irrigate the Sahara desert.



4

In the future pedestrians will be getting around town more quickly

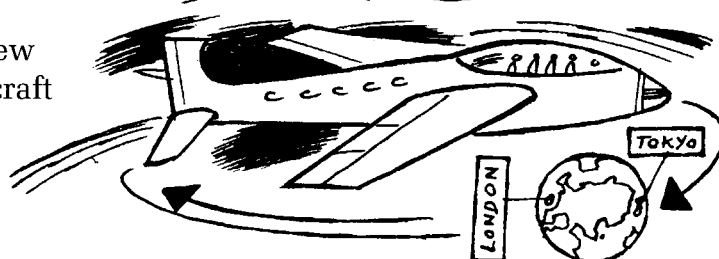
- a. in helicopters.
- b. on moving sidewalks.
- c. on city-owned bicycles.



5

It will be possible to get from New York City to Tokyo by space aircraft

- a. in less than one hour.
- b. in ninety minutes.
- c. in three hours.



6

Unless steps are taken to protect them, a quarter of a million plant species will have been made extinct in our children's lifetime, largely because of

- a. pollution.
- b. forest destruction.
- c. changes in the climate.



Texts



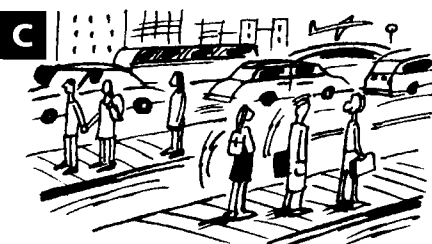
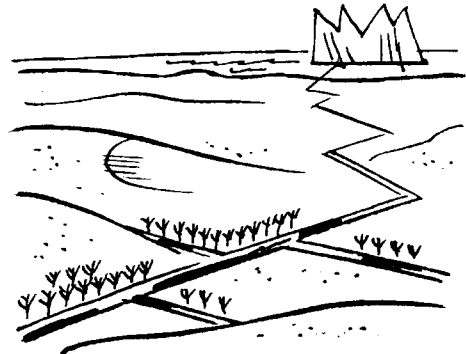
Aircraft capable of flying at ten times the speed of sound are being designed for the future. They will take off from an ordinary runway, climb through the atmosphere to the edge of space, and then re-enter the atmosphere to land normally at their destination. One day in the 21st century, people will be landing in Tokyo less than one hour after taking off from Kennedy Airport in New York City.

Most of our energy comes from coal, oil, and gas. One day these fossil fuels will all be consumed. We should be careful now how we use them, and make plans for using less. Our attitudes toward energy in the next twenty years will affect the entire planet for centuries. Generating electricity from the wind is a good, clean source of energy to some, but an intrusion on the landscape to others. One critic described them as "like toilet brushes disfiguring the countryside."



Tropical forests are immensely rich. They may cover only six percent of the earth's surface, but they support over two-thirds of the world's plant and animal species. Scientists believe that a quarter of a million plant species could be made extinct in our children's lifetime largely because of forest destruction. The forests are a vital source of medicinal plants; and so by destroying forests, we may be destroying the drugs which could cure cancer and other serious diseases. In the time it takes you to do this exercise, four more species will have become extinct.

More than three-quarters of the world's fresh water is locked in the ice-caps of the Arctic and Antarctica. A small amount of this pure water would be sufficient to transform the dry areas of the world into fertile land. Engineers think that it would be possible to transport an iceberg of up to 10 kilometers in length, using a tug the size of a supertanker to pull it. The Sahara desert has the advantage of being close to the sea; it could be irrigated using water from the iceberg without the expense of long-distance pipelines.



Pedestrians in the cities of the future could speed through the streets at up to 15 kilometers per hour just by standing still. A network of moving sidewalks could reduce traveling time and end rush-hour traffic jams forever. A Swiss company has invented a system of high-speed moving sidewalks. Pedestrians will be able to step on and off them as easily as using an ordinary escalator.

Most people would be happy to find a way to stay younger longer; scientists have been working on experiments with hormonal treatments and chemicals to reduce the oxygen content of the blood. But the most promising method of retarding age is through diet. Research has shown that a diet containing all the essential ingredients, but with the calorie intake reduced to only three-fifths the normal level, could lead to a lifespan of two-fifths longer.



Tomorrow's World Worksheets **35a** and **35b**

NOTE: Use Worksheets 35a and 35b for this activity.

ACTIVITY

Groupwork: reading, speaking

AIM

To predict information about the future.

To read information about the future and to confirm or correct predictions.

GRAMMAR AND FUNCTIONS

Future continuous and future perfect

VOCABULARY

The environment

PREPARATION

Make one copy of Worksheet 35a: Quiz for every three students in the class. Make one copy of Worksheet 35b: Texts for every three students in the class, and cut it up as indicated.

TIME

20 minutes

PROCEDURE

1. Ask the students to work in groups of three.
2. Explain that they are going to read some information about life in the future, but that before they do that, they are going to predict some of the details.
3. Give one copy of Worksheet 35a: Quiz to each group of students.
4. Ask them to read the sentences and decide which alternative, a, b, or c, is the appropriate ending for each of them.
5. When they have done that, give each group a copy of Worksheet 35b: Texts (cut up), and ask them to read a different section each.
6. Tell the students to check whether the answers they predicted were right or wrong by taking turns telling the rest of the group what they have found out from their texts. Each member of the group will be able to provide the correct answers for two of the questions on Worksheet 35a:

Text A contains the answers to numbers 5 and 2.

Text B contains the answers to numbers 6 and 3.

Text C contains the answers to numbers 4 and 1.