

38 | Did you know...?

Reward Elementary Resource Pack

in China nearly 2000 years ago.
by a Spanish instrument maker.
in China.
by a Japanese company.
in France.
in London in 1863.
in Russia in 1954.
by a German tailor called Levi Strauss.
by Ferdinand Porsche.
in Papua New Guinea.
by a Hungarian called Biro.
by the Egyptians.
by John Dunlop in 1888.
by the Romans in 960.
by a Dutch company.
by a Scotsman called Charles Macintosh.
in 1896.
in 1930.
in Holland.
by a French company in 1869.

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Teacher's Notes

Did you know...? Worksheet 38

ACTIVITY

Groupwork: speaking, reading

AIM

To match two parts of a sentence.

GRAMMAR AND FUNCTIONS

Present and past passive

VOCABULARY

Inventions and other world facts

PREPARATION

Make one copy of the worksheet for each group of three or four students in the class and cut it up into cards as indicated. Make one copy of the worksheet for each group of three or four students and leave it intact.

TIME

20 to 30 minutes

PROCEDURE

- 1 Write on the board 'Paper was invented ...' and ask the students if they can complete the sentence with information about *where* or *when* it was invented. When they have guessed the answer, tell them that they can confirm whether they were right or wrong by doing the activity.
- 2 Explain that you are going to give them 20 sentences, but that each sentence is in two parts. Their task is to find 20 facts by finding the two parts of each sentence which go together correctly.
- 3 Ask the students to work in groups of three or four and give one set of cards to each group.
- 4 Tell the students to shuffle their cards and then spread them out, face up, on the table.
- 5 Tell them that they have got five minutes to find 20 facts.
- When they have done that, give one intact copy of the worksheet to each group of students so that they can check their answers.
- Now tell the students to pick the cards up in two piles, one with the first halves of the sentences written on them and the other with the place, date or person's name written on them. They should shuffle each pile of cards and then spread them out separately, face down on the table
- 8 Now ask the students to take it in turns to turn over one card from each pile. If the two cards go together to make a correct fact, the student reads it out aloud, keeps the two cards and plays again. If they do not go together, the student reads it out aloud, but turns it into a negative statement.

For example:

Paper wasn't invented by a Spanish instrument maker.

They then turn the two cards back over and another student in the group repeats the procedure.

9 The students continue in this way until all the cards have been used up. The student with the most cards at the end of the activity is the winner.