

Solutions for English Teaching

Resource Pack

Reward Pre-intermediate

fold

take foreign currency?	 take traveller's cheques change my money when I get there
stay in a hotel?	1 find a youth hostel 2 sleep in a tent Decision
travel by train?	1 hire a car 2 travel by bus Decision
travel with friends?	1 travel alone 2 travel with my parents Decision
go to the beach?	1 go round the museums 2 take a lot of photographs Decision
take a suitcase?	1 take a strong bag 2 take a backpack Decision
EBE come back soon?	1 travel for a year 2 come back next month Decision
write me a letter?	1 phone you 2 send you a postcard Decision
take a guidebook?	1 take a map 2 buy one when I get there Decision
stay in the town?	1 go walking in the mountains 2 spend a week in the jungle



Getting ready to go Worksheet 13

ACTIVITY

Whole class: speaking Mill drill (For detailed instructions and advice on using mill drills, see the notes for teachers at the beginning of the Resource Pack.)

AIM

To speak to as many partners as possible, asking and answering questions about travel plans.

GRAMMAR AND FUNCTIONS

Going to for plans
Will for a decision made at the time of speaking

VOCABULARY

Travel

PREPARATION

Make one copy of the worksheet for each group of up to ten students. Cut the worksheet up into cards, being careful to cut and fold as indicated. Each card has two sides, and should be folded so that it has 'Plan' on one side and 'Decision' on the other. You will need to keep one card for yourself to demonstrate the activity.

TIME

15 to 20 minutes

PROCEDURE

- 1 If there are more than ten students in the class, divide them into groups. Give one folded card to each student in the class. Keep one for yourself.
- 2 Tell the students that they are going to ask and answer questions about travel plans, using their cards as prompts.
- Write an example dialogue on the board, indicating the language the students should use.
 For example:

Student A: Are you going to take some foreign currency?

Student B: *No, I think I'll take traveller's cheques.*Explain that Student A asks the questions using *going to* to ask about Student B's travel plans, but that Student B (the traveller) has not finalised plans yet and uses *will*, as they are making decisions at the time of speaking. This is why there are two prompts for the answer given by Student B, who makes a decision at the moment of speaking by choosing one of the prompts for their answer.

- 4 Demonstrate the activity with individual students using the card you kept for yourself. Tell the students to hold their card so that the side marked 'Plan' is facing them, and the side marked 'Decision' is facing their partner. This is how they should hold their mill-drill cards throughout the activity.
- 5 Now ask the students to go round the class or group and ask and answer questions with as many different partners as possible, using their cards as prompts. In this activity, the students repeat the same question several times, but practise different answers each time they change partner.
- **6** When the students have spoken to several partners, ask them to exchange cards and repeat the activity, holding their cards as before.
- 7 Ask the students to exchange mill-drill cards several times so that they practise asking different questions each time they change cards. Unlike other mill drills, in this mill drill the students do not turn their mill-drill cards around the other way as this would mean that they would be making the same choice of response each time. This might make the concept of deciding at the moment of speaking unclear.